

Fig 1: Intra oral view : A hard-bony swelling on the right body of the mandible



Fig 2: Panoramic radiograph showing a large and well-defined osteolytic lesion including a canine and first premolar still impacted

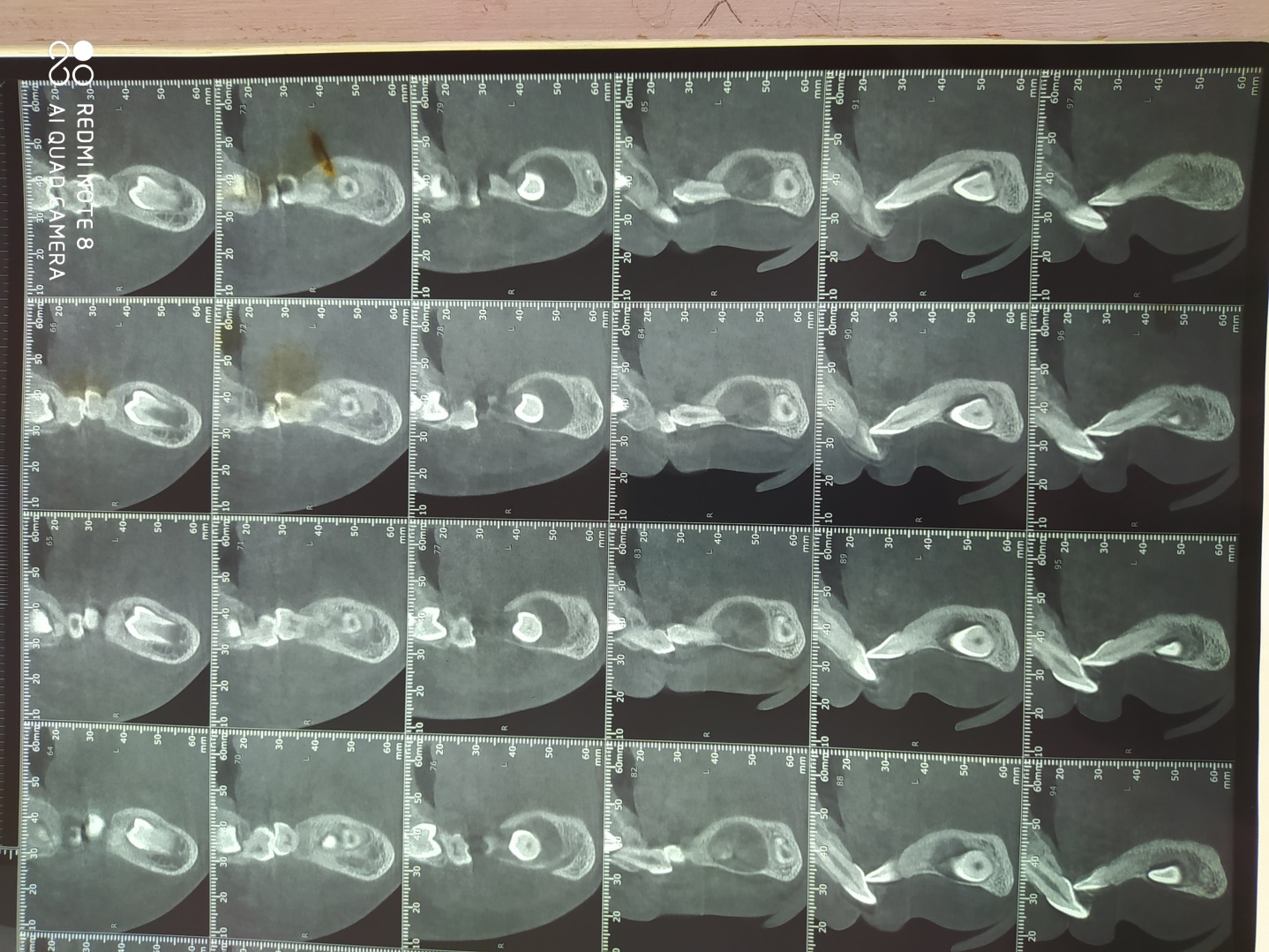


Fig 3: CBCT showing a radiolucent lesion pushing back without invading the surrounding anatomical structures over the entire edges of the lesion measuring about 2 cm in diameter



Fig 4: An obturator in acrylic resin incorporated in a partial removable denture in place

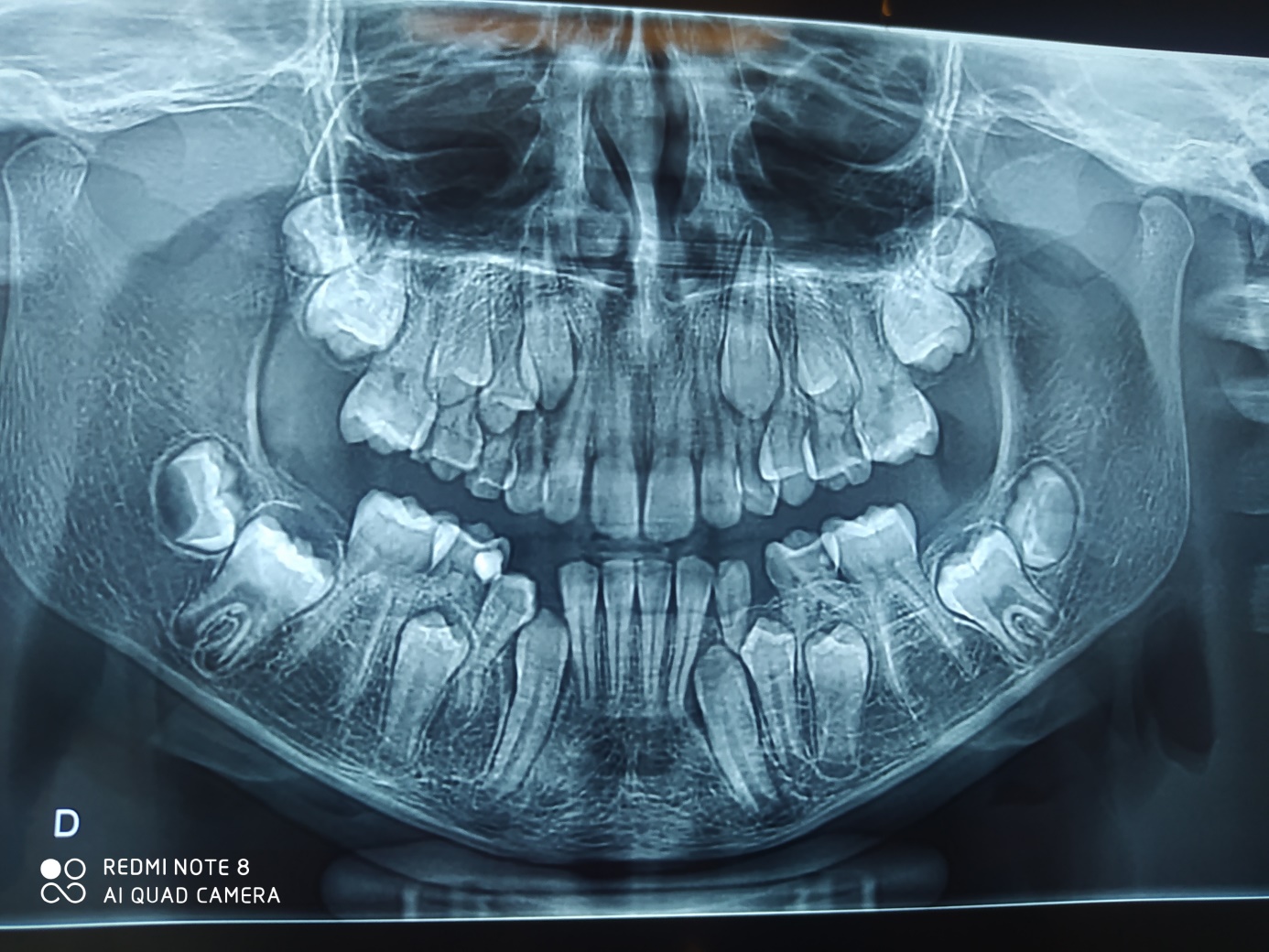


Fig 5: A panoramic radiograph (after 18 months) revealing complete bone remodeling of the area with no recurrence of the cyst



Fig 6: Eruption of the first premolar and the complete straightening of the axis of the canine (after 18 months)

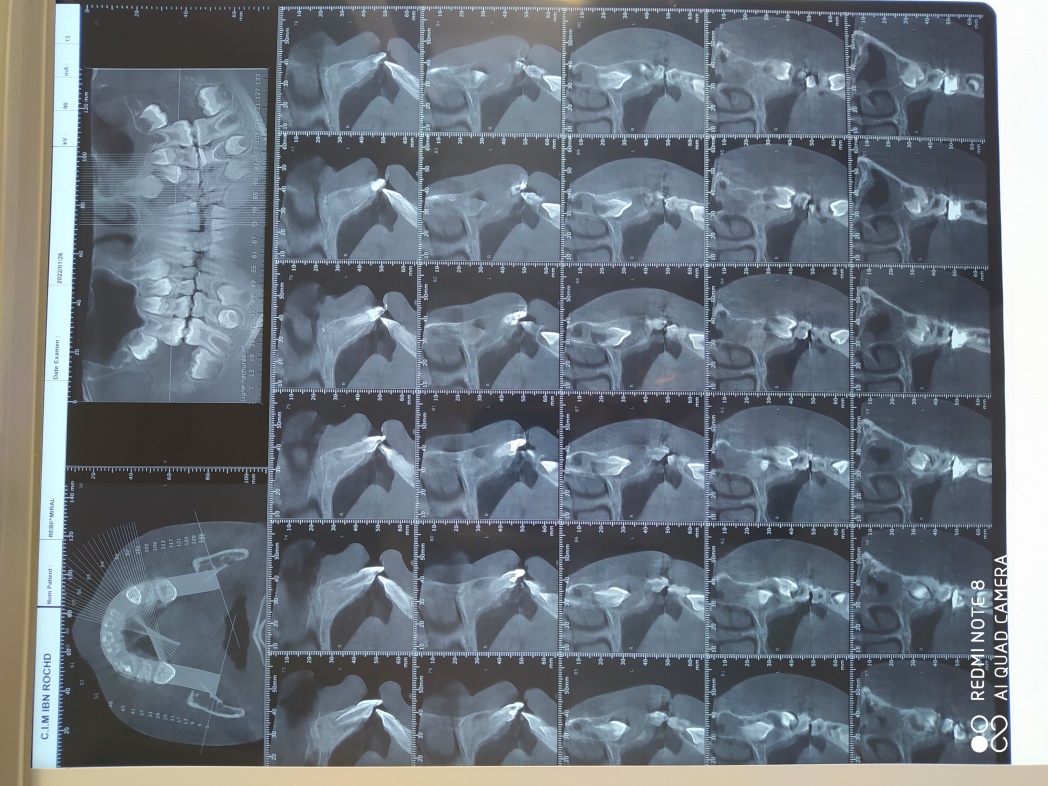


Fig7: CBCT showing a well-defined radiolucency preserving the integrity of surrounding tissues involving an impacted left maxillary canine.



Fig 8: A shortened stent was inserted and sutured at the site

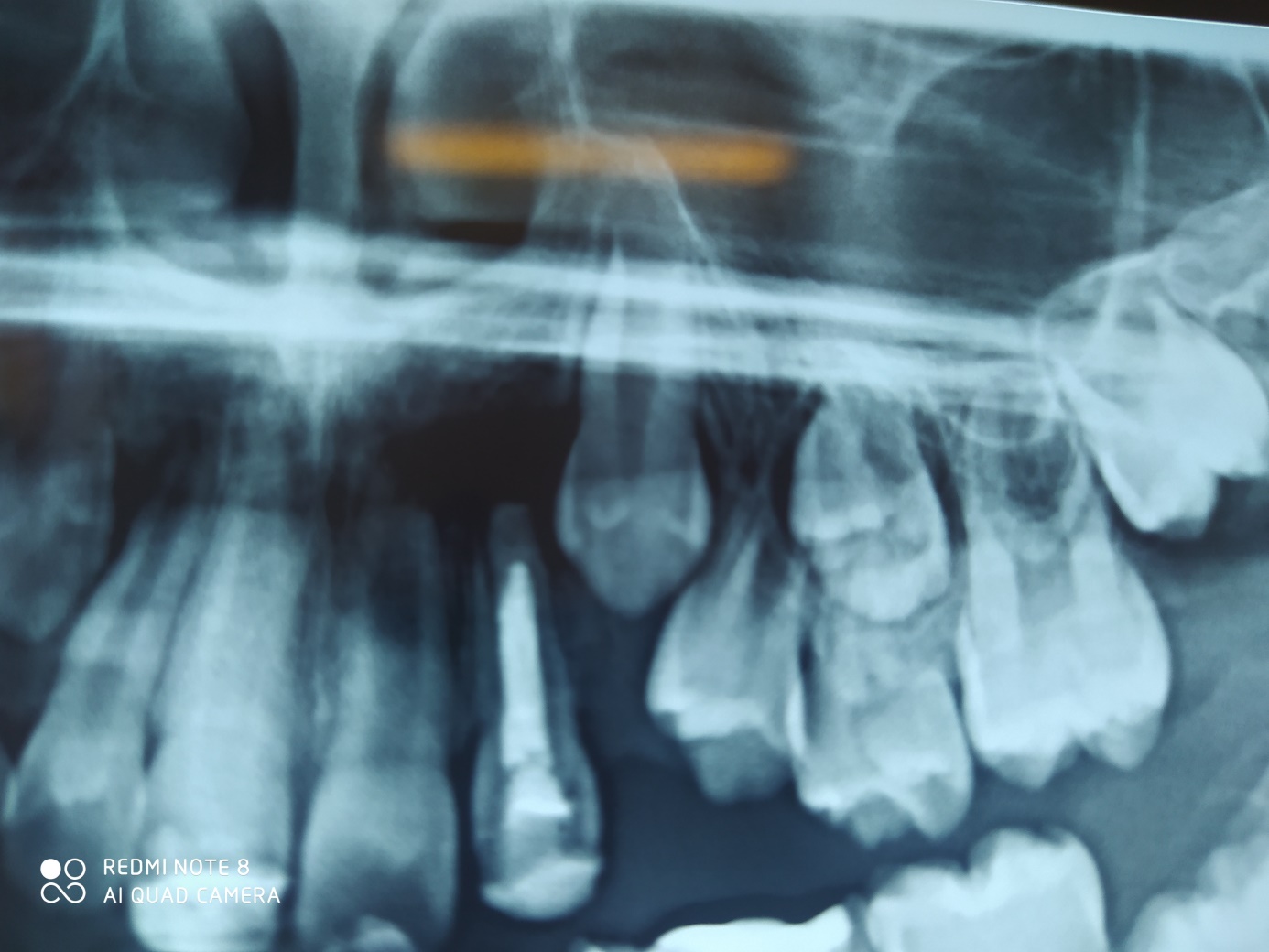


Fig9: Bone remodeling of the cyst cavity was obtained (3 months later)