

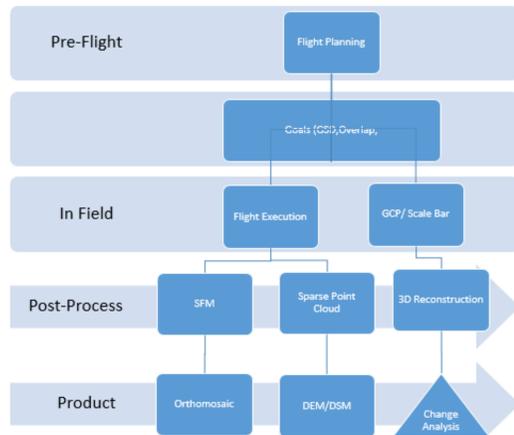
Inter-annual Rock Glacier Surface Elevation Changes in Great Basin National Park, Nevada using UAS Photogrammetry

Nischay Soni, Forrest Schoessow, Evan Vega, Bryan G. Mark
Byrd Polar & Climate Research Center, The Ohio State University

MOTIVATION:

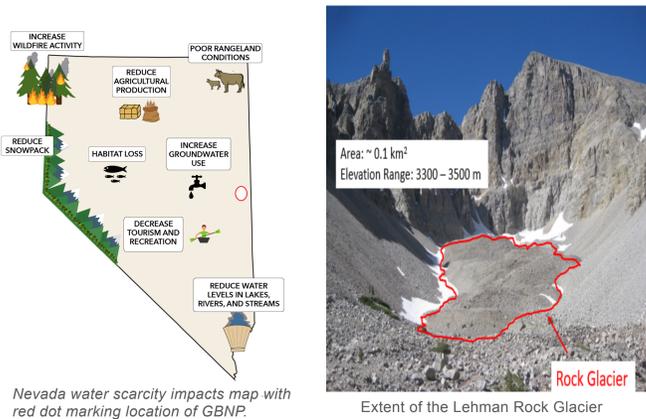
This undergraduate research project stems from annual student research trips made to Great Basin National Park (GBNP). Beginning in 2005, the Great Basin Expedition (GBEX) is a collaborative initiative conducted with park staff that seeks to annually document the diverse impacts of climate change. One park feature of intense observation is the Lehman Rock Glacier, where we have conducted annual photogrammetric surveys since 2015. We began with a balloon and camera; now we are using a UAV. Student researchers constrain surface elevation changes in order to better understand and make inferences about a) climatic controls on topography; b) future volume changes; and c) the hydrological impacts to the ecological and agricultural communities below. The Lehman Rock Glacier, Nevada's only extant ice feature, is ripe for developing burgeoning geomorphological inquiry via hands-on learning.

METHODS:

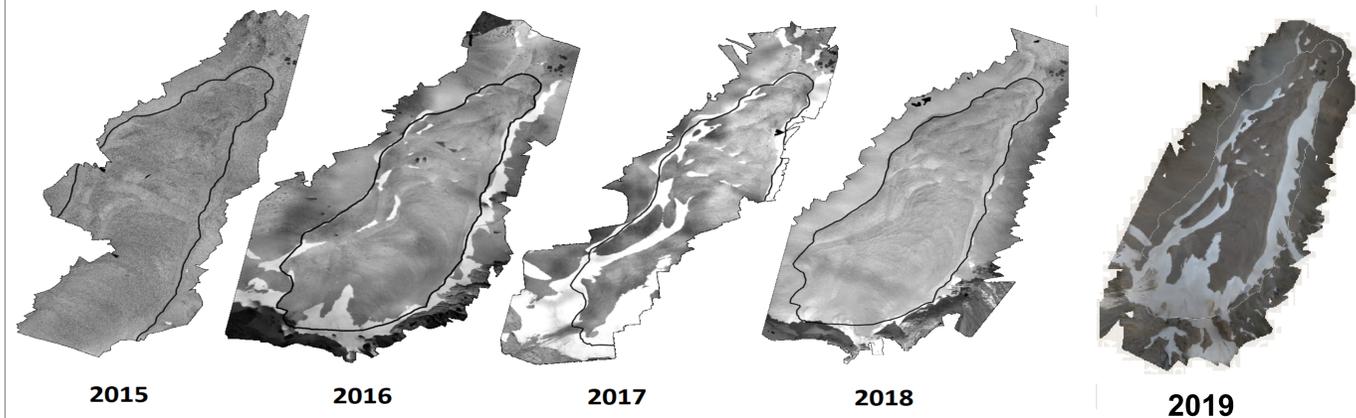


STUDY SITE:

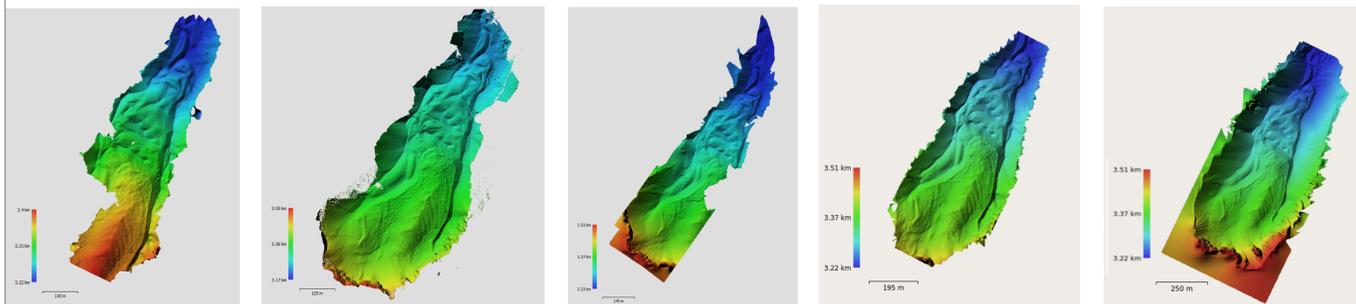
The Lehman Rock Glacier located in GBNP, Nevada is situated at ~3400 m asl. Its placement within a cirque limits insolation most of the day thus preserving this hydrological feature.



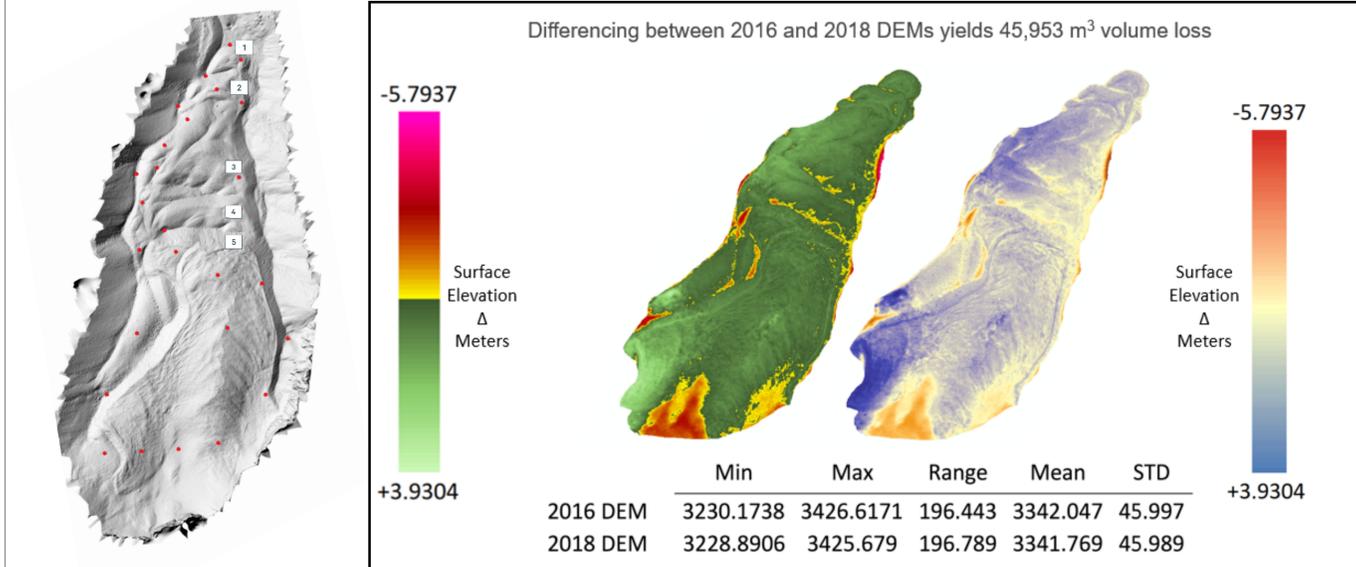
TIME SERIES 2015 - 2019



2-3cm resolution orthomosaics of consecutive survey years

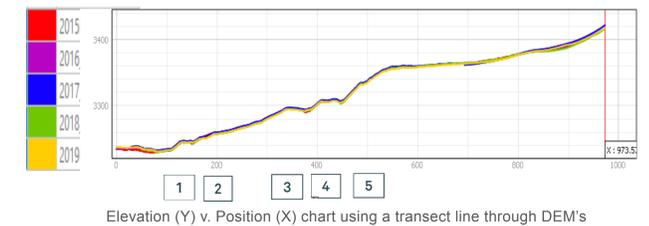


10cm resolution DEM's of consecutive survey years



Differenced 2016/2018 DEMs. Pronounced changes near headwall are result of snow layers which were later masked out.

Transect Elevation Profile:



Elevation (Y) v. Position (X) chart using a transect line through DEM's

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Images Taken	696	830	651	903	952
Images Used	606	627	575	850	921
GCP's Used	5	13	12	27	27
Accuracy points used	14	19	21	19	18
Tie points	537682	337676	570,388	171,660	333,673
GCP Horiz. RMS (M)	0.018	0.005	0.095	0.001	0.001
GCP Vert. RMS (M)	0.019	0.001	0.014	0.002	0.002

Comparison chart of 2015-2019 digital models

TAKEAWAYS:

- UAV photogrammetry and structure-from-motion algorithms provide a unique, hands-on opportunity to study geomorphological changes
- These methods can be effectively implemented in the alpine change monitoring toolkit while also reducing risk to research personnel.
- The Lehman Rock Glacier is more dynamic than previously thought. 3 distinct lobes are moving and lowering/rising at different rates.
- Combining remote sensed data and in-situ observational data helps to develop undergraduate research potential in physical geography

FUTURE STUDENT OPPORTUNITIES:

- Improved UAV platforms with modular sensor payloads will diverse avenues of scientific inquiry.
- Leverage increasing student interest in machine learning and AI for in-flight change detection and mapping techniques.
- Real Time Processing in the field vs Post Processing in the lab

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- Wigmore, O. and Mark, B. 2016. UAV Mapping of Debris Covered Glacier Change, Llaca Glacier, Cordillera Blanca, Peru. *Proceedings of the 73rd Eastern Snow Conference*. pp. 1-11
- Schoessow, F.S., Manos, J.M., Mark, B.G., DeGrand, J., Soni, N., Reinemann, S., Porinchu, D. 2018. Mapping rock glacier surface elevation changes in Great Basin National Park, Nevada. *Geological Society of America*; Indianapolis, Indiana.
- Schoessow, F.S., Soni, N., Vega, M.E., Mark, B.G. 2018. UAV-borne remote sensing platforms for glacier-related hazard monitoring in high-mountain environments. *American Geophysical Union*; Washington, D.C.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

Thanks to: Oliver H. Wigmore, John-Morgan Manos, Eric Kendrick, Tom Kassebaum, Great Basin National Park Service, Innovation Studio, Western National Parks Association, Sharpe Innovation Commons, OSU School of Earth Sciences, Ohio Supercomputer Center.

