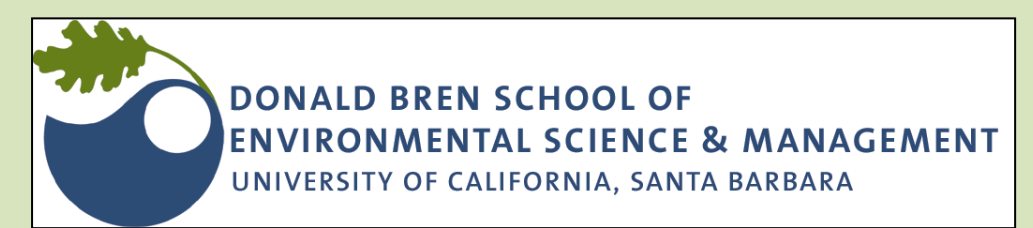
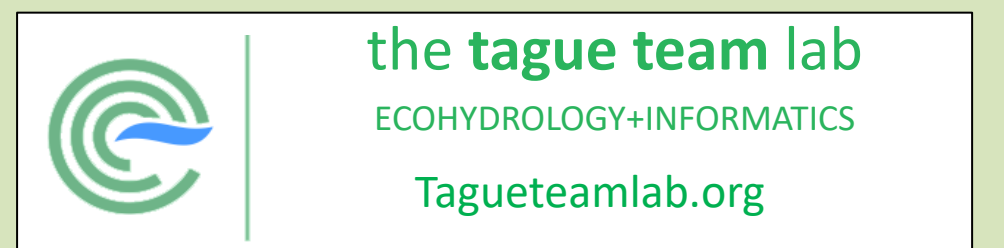


Influence of Managed Forest Structure on Hillslope-scale Post-thinning Recovery and Water Yield

FIHM # 432-133
2022

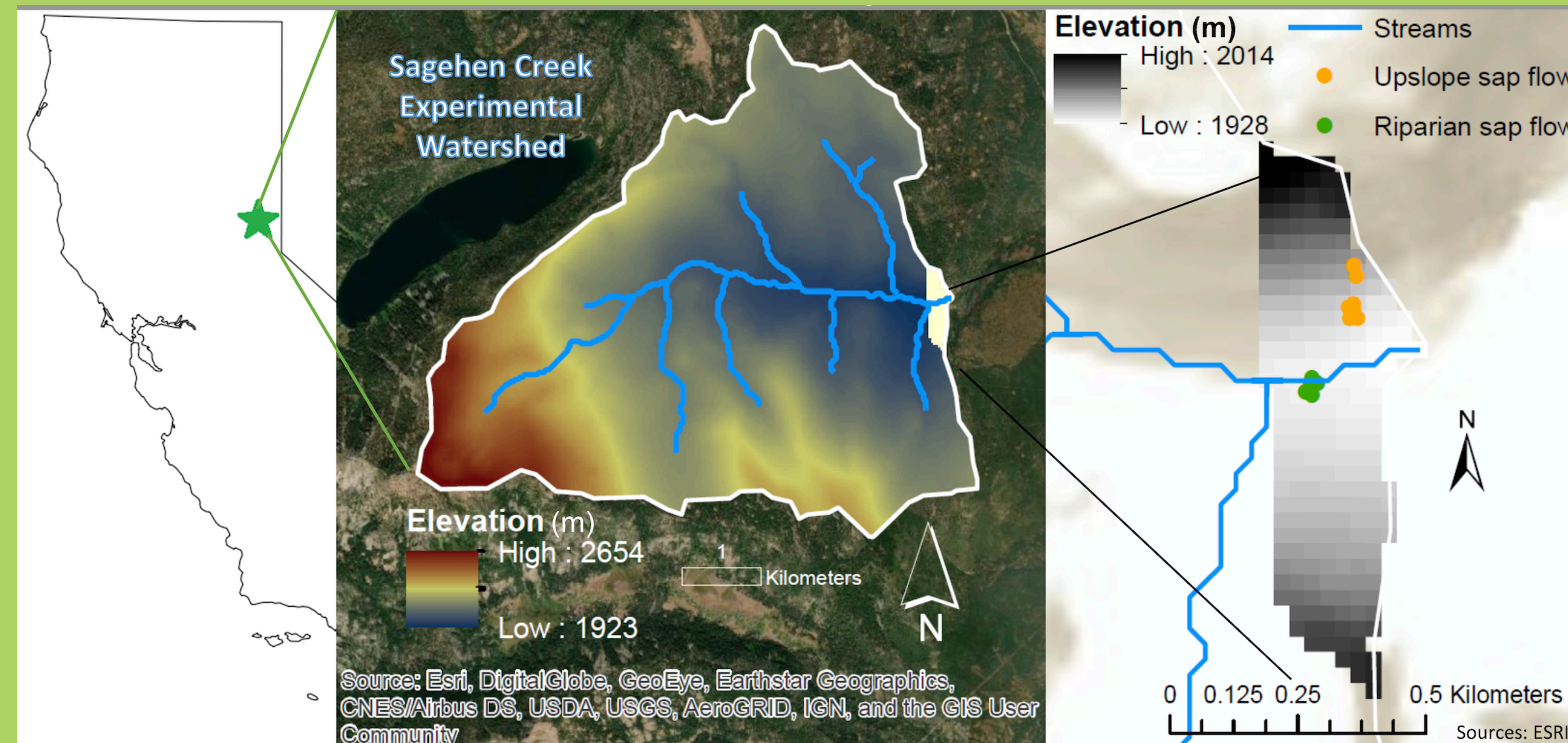
Louis Graup¹, Naomi Tague¹, Adrian Harpold²
University of California, Santa Barbara¹; University of Nevada, Reno²



Study Site

Sagehen Creek Experimental Watershed
Sierra Nevada, CA

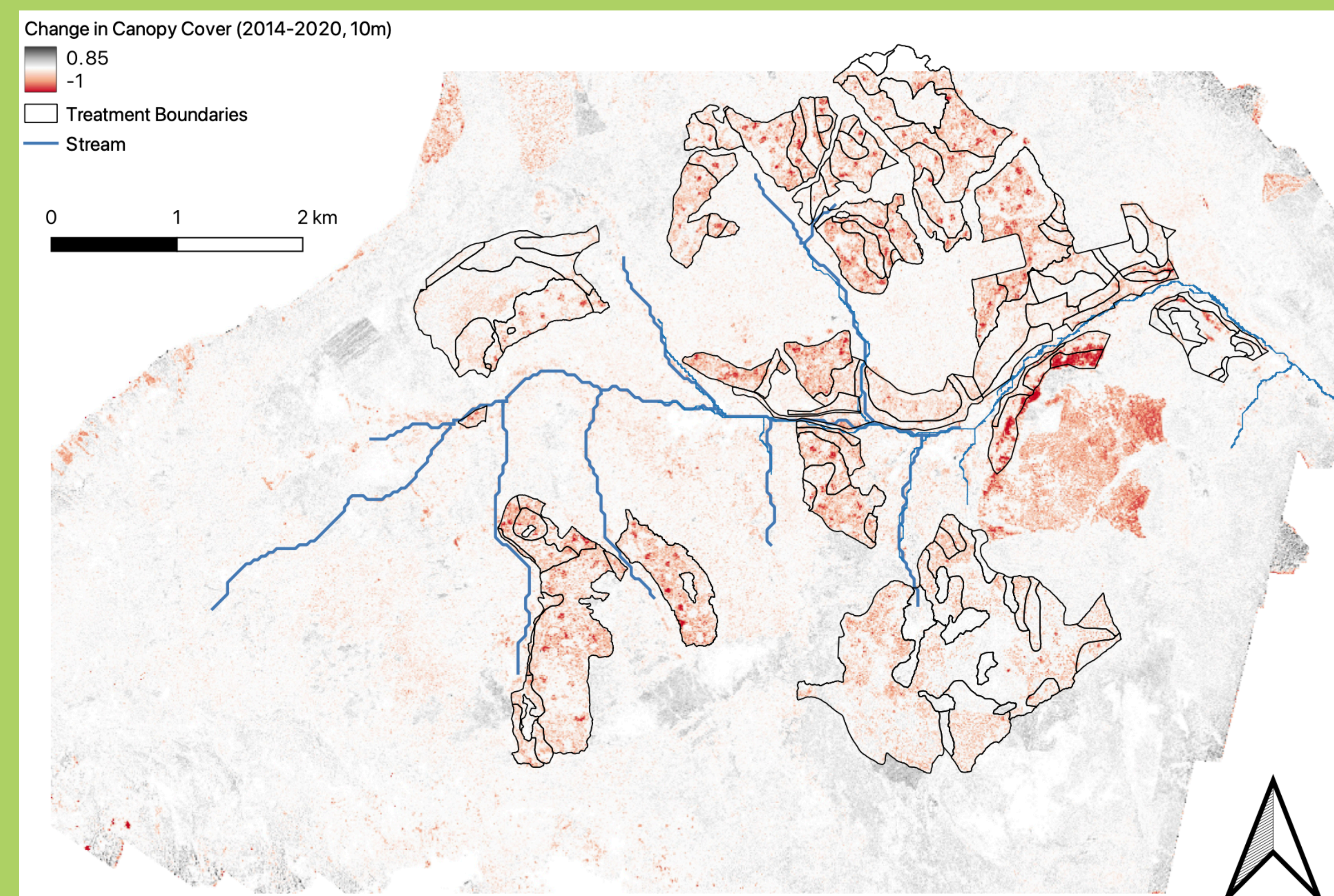
- Catchment area: 27 km²
- Mean Annual Precipitation: 850 mm
- Thinned in 2015-18 by USFS



Research Questions

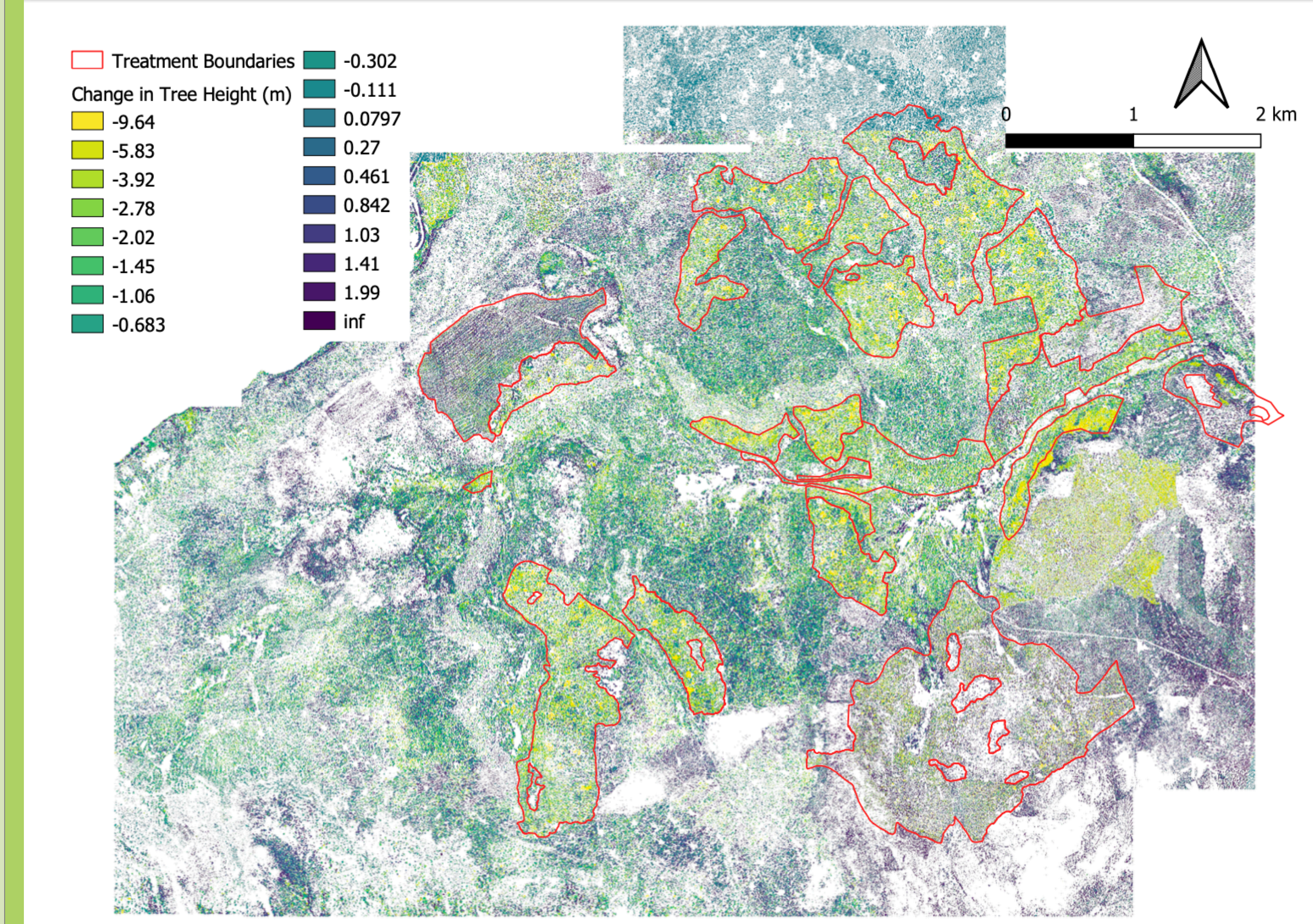
- How do forest treatments change forest structural heterogeneity across space and over time? (Lidar analysis)
- How do forest thinning treatments affect upslope and riparian sites differently? (Ecohydrologic model analysis)

Lidar-derived Change in Canopy Cover with Fuel Treatment

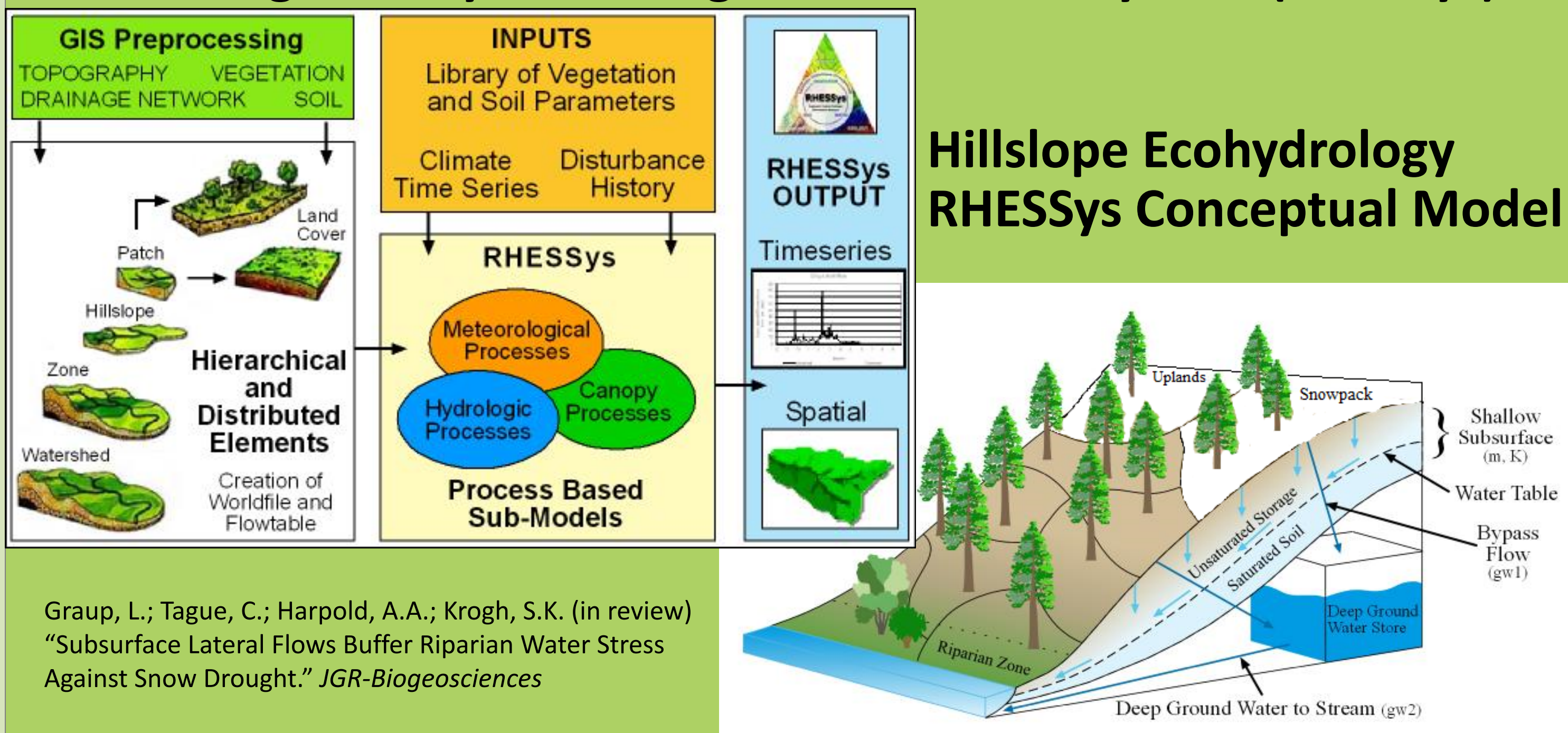


Graup, L. (2021). Preserving Mountains with Forest Management, CA 2020. National Center for Airborne Laser Mapping (NCALM). Distributed by OpenTopography. <https://doi.org/10.5069/G96H4FMX>.

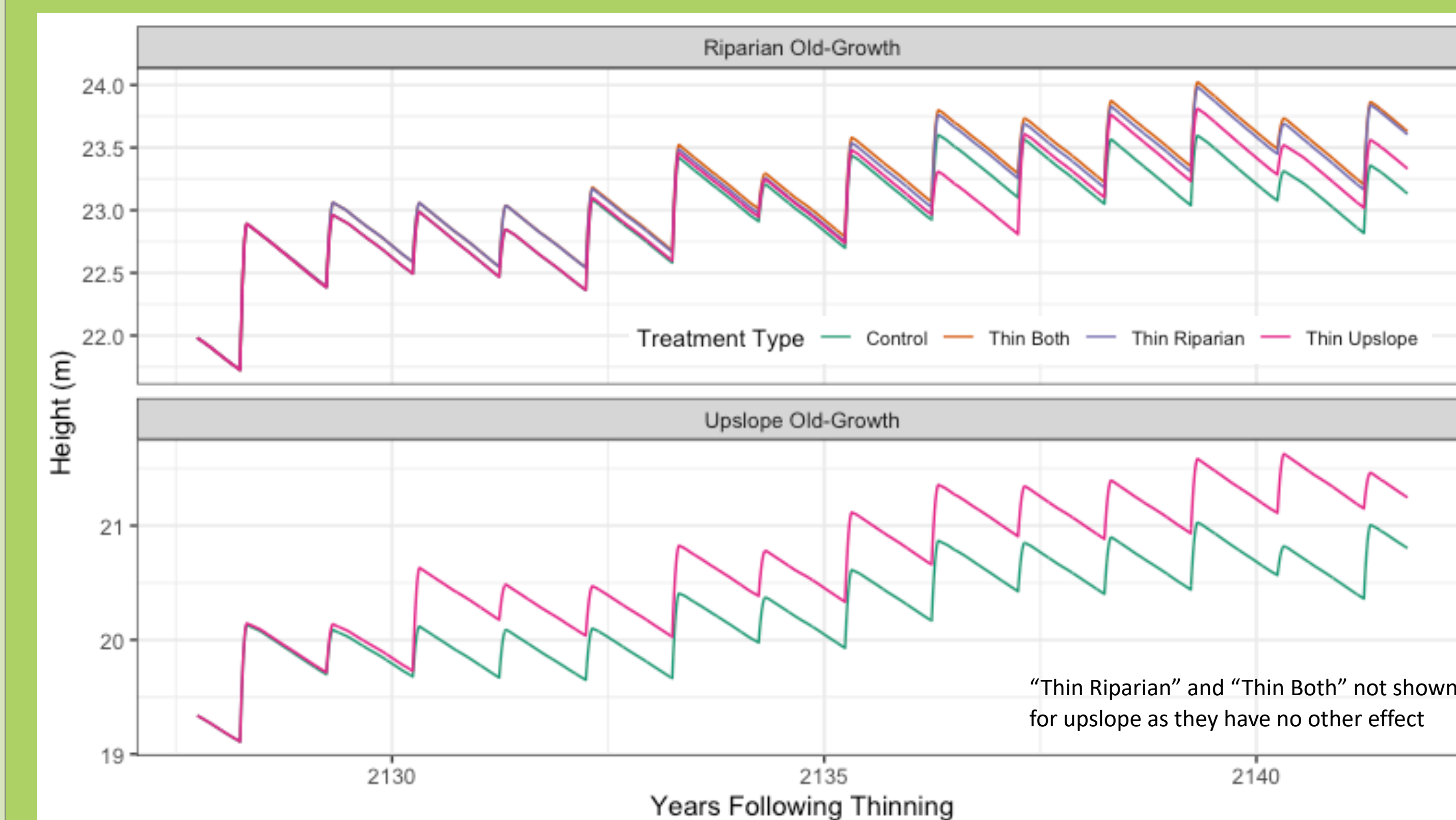
Tree Crown-scale Change in Tree Height with Fuel Treatment



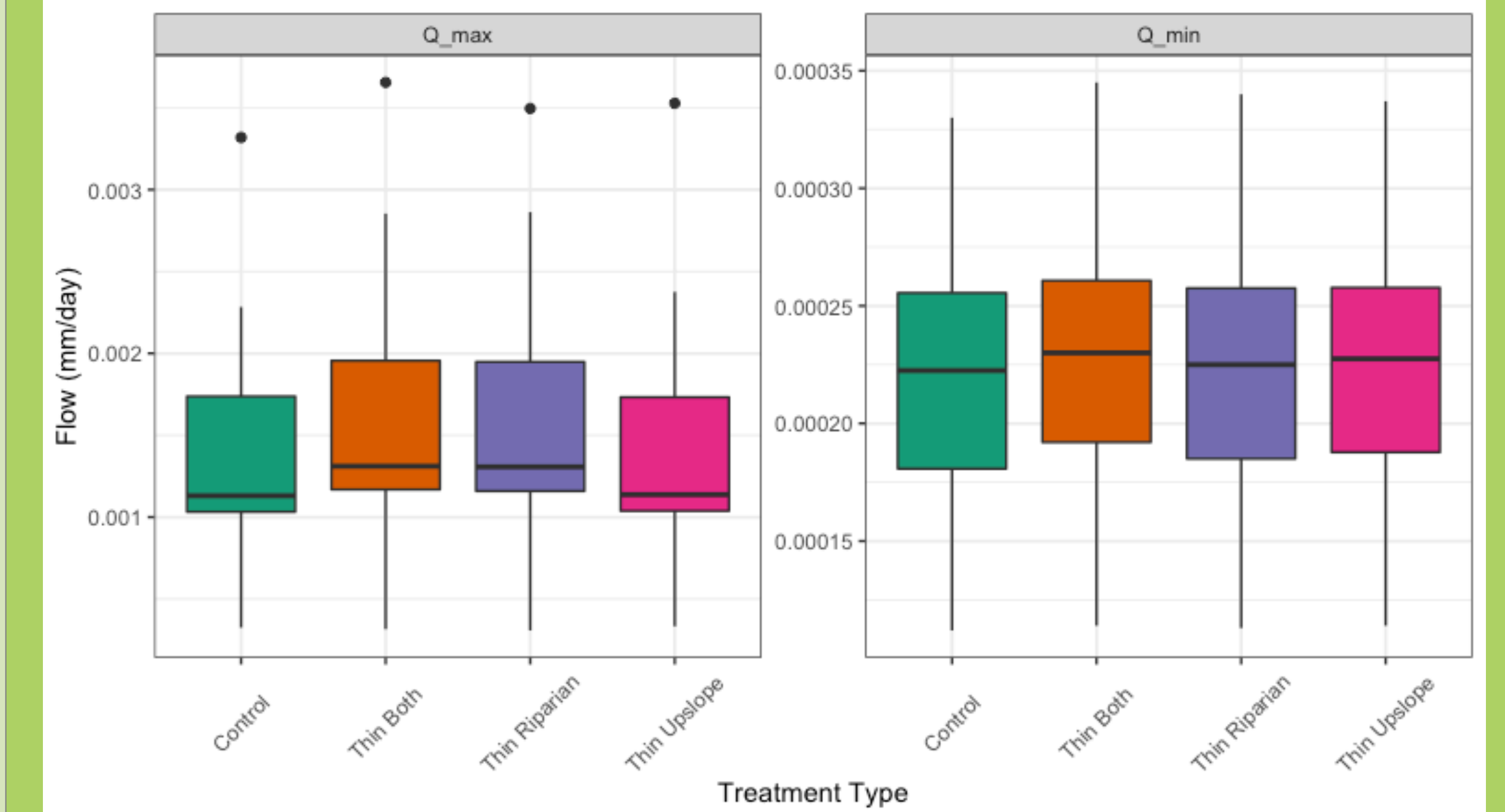
Model: Regional Hydro-Ecological Simulation System (RHESSys)



RHESSys Comparison of Tree Growth by Treatment Type

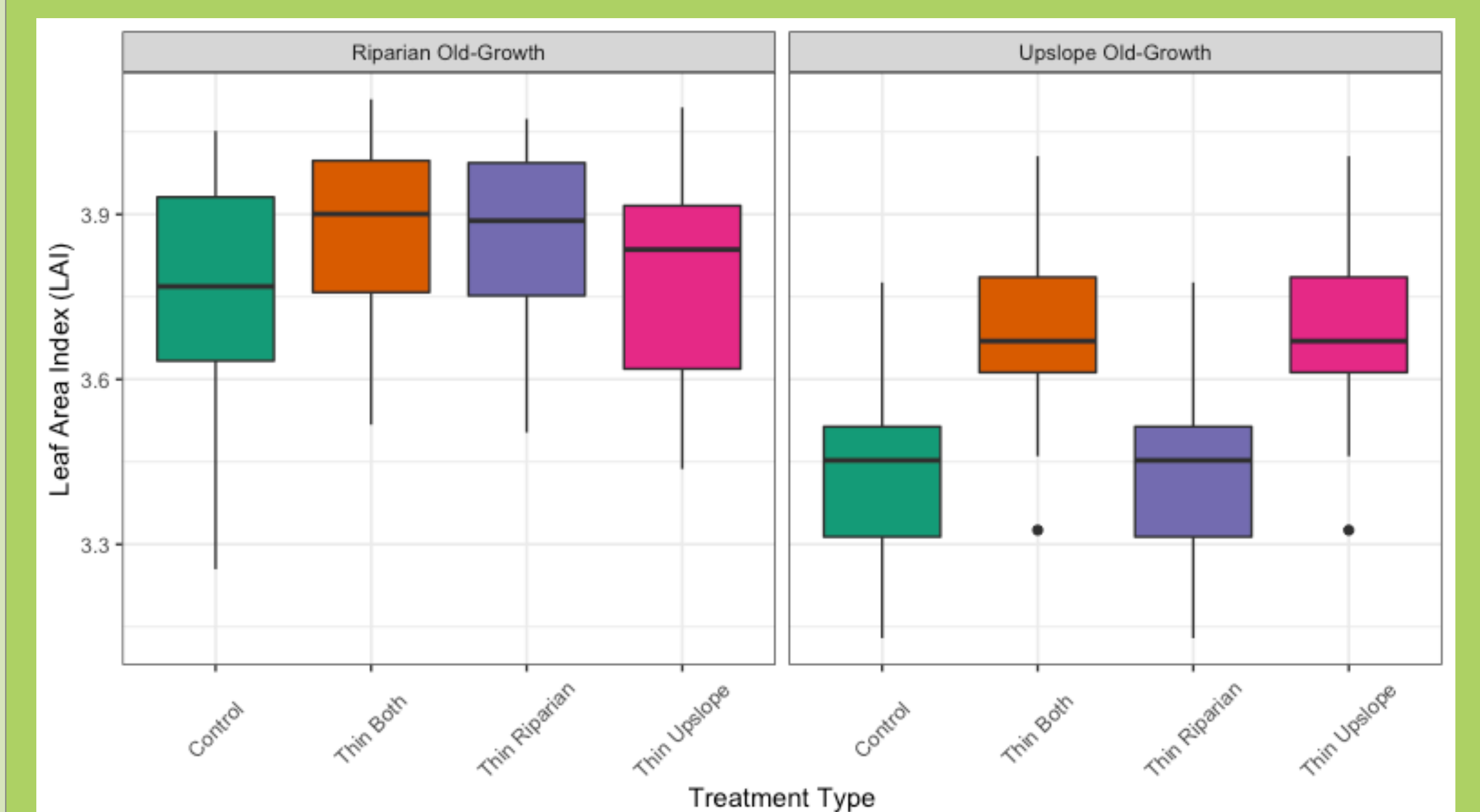


RHESSys Comparison of Streamflow by Treatment Type



Streamflow is described by Q_{max}, or annual peak daily flow, and Q_{min}, or annual minimum daily flow, across 15 years of post-thinning RHESSys simulations for different treatment types

RHESSys Comparison of LAI by Treatment Type



Maximum annual Leaf Area Index (LAI) is shown for upslope and riparian old-growth trees (remaining trees after thinning), across 15 years of post-thinning RHESSys simulations for different treatment types

Conclusions

- Impacts of treatment on minimum annual streamflow are minimal for all treatment types; minor increase in peak flow only if riparian trees are treated
- Substantial benefit of upslope thinning to productivity of remaining trees, including trees in downslope riparian area
- Riparian thinning shows more modest gains in productivity of remaining trees

Credits/Acknowledgments

github.com/RHESSys/RHESSys
fiesta.bren.ucsb.edu/~rheessys

NSF Critical Zone Network (CZNet)
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