

Changes in Absorbing Aerosol Properties during Transport in the Southeast Atlantic

Abdulamid A. Fakoya¹

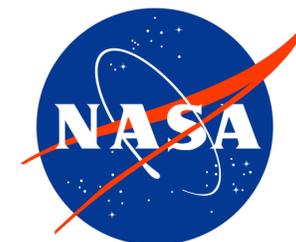
Coauthors: Jens Redemann¹, Connor J. Flynn¹, Pablo E. Saide², Lan Gao¹, Logan T. Mitchell¹

¹School of Meteorology, University of Oklahoma, Norman, USA

²Department of Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences, UCLA, Los Angeles, USA

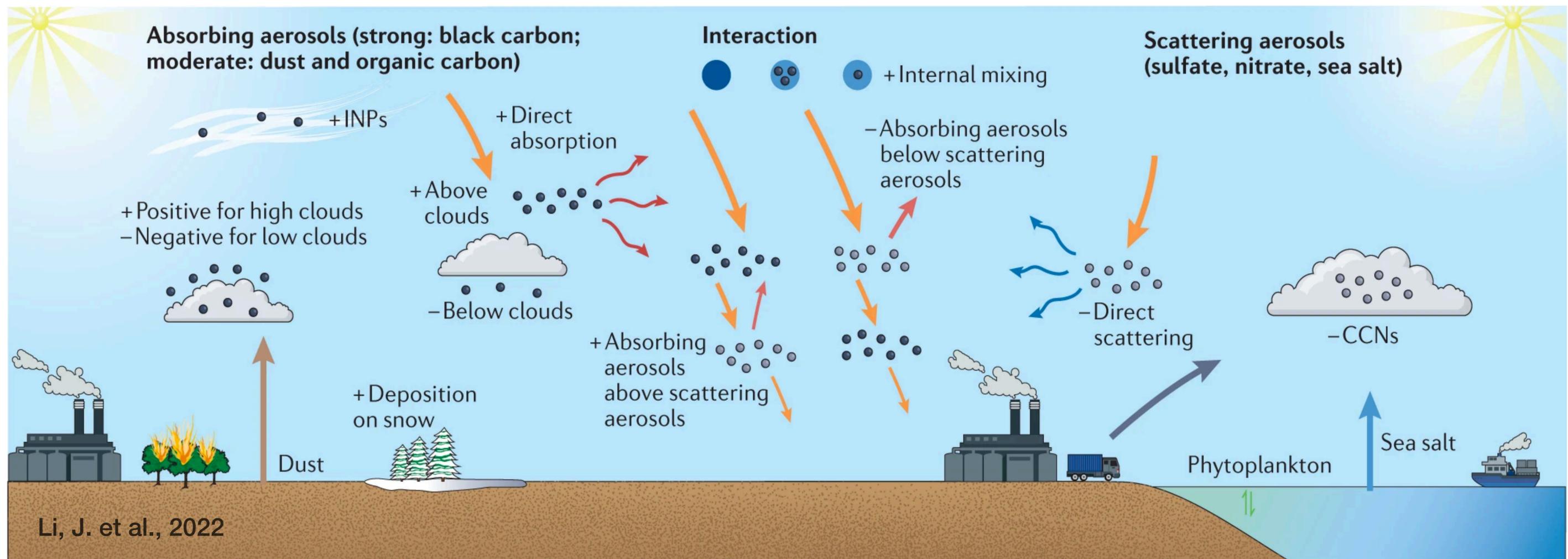


CLouds · CLimatE · Aerosols · Radiation



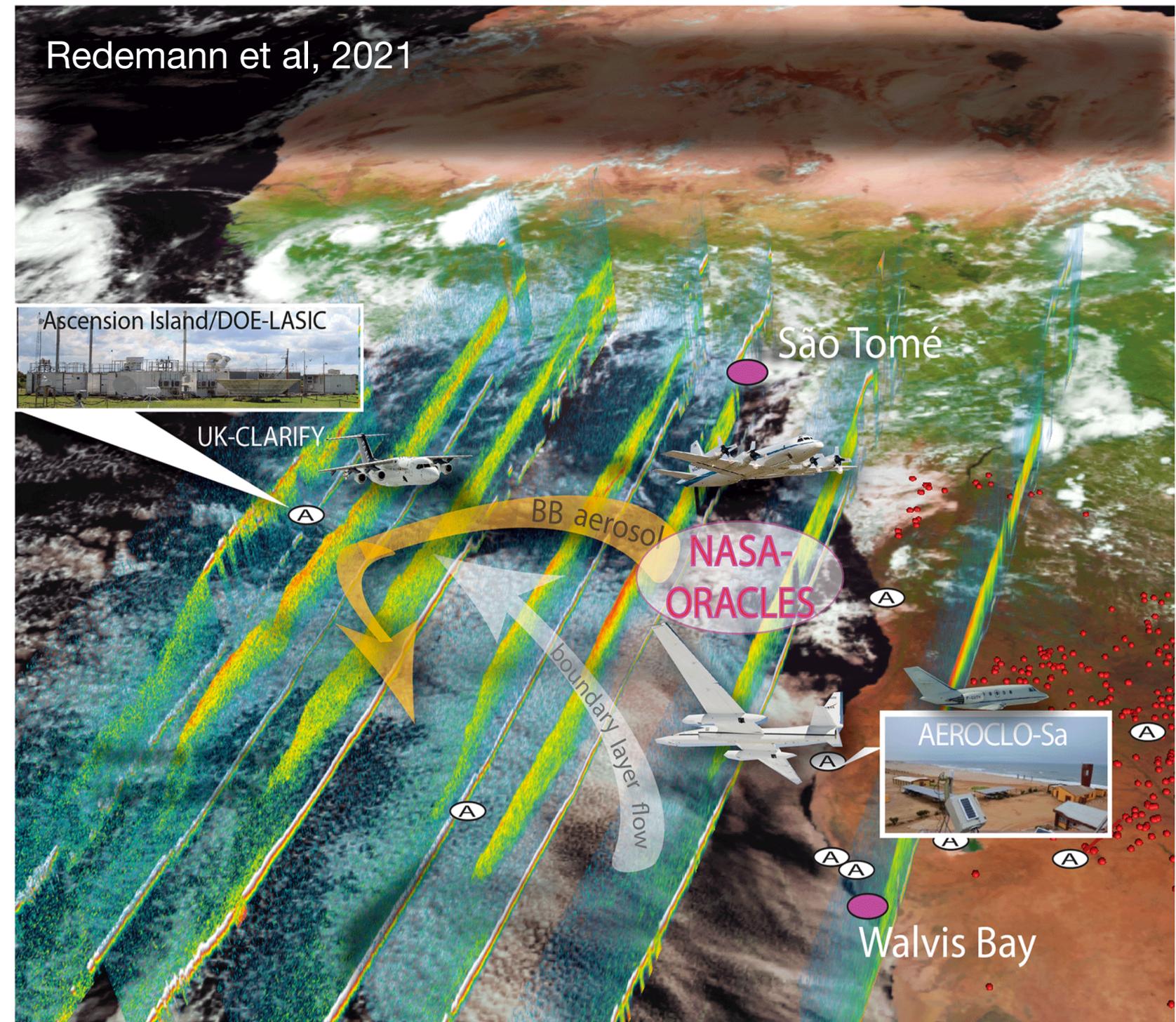
Background to Study

- **Biomass burning** is a large source of absorbing aerosols globally and accounts for about 40% of **black carbon** in the atmosphere.
- The **Southern African** region contributes approximately 35% of Earth's biomass burning aerosol (BBA) emissions.



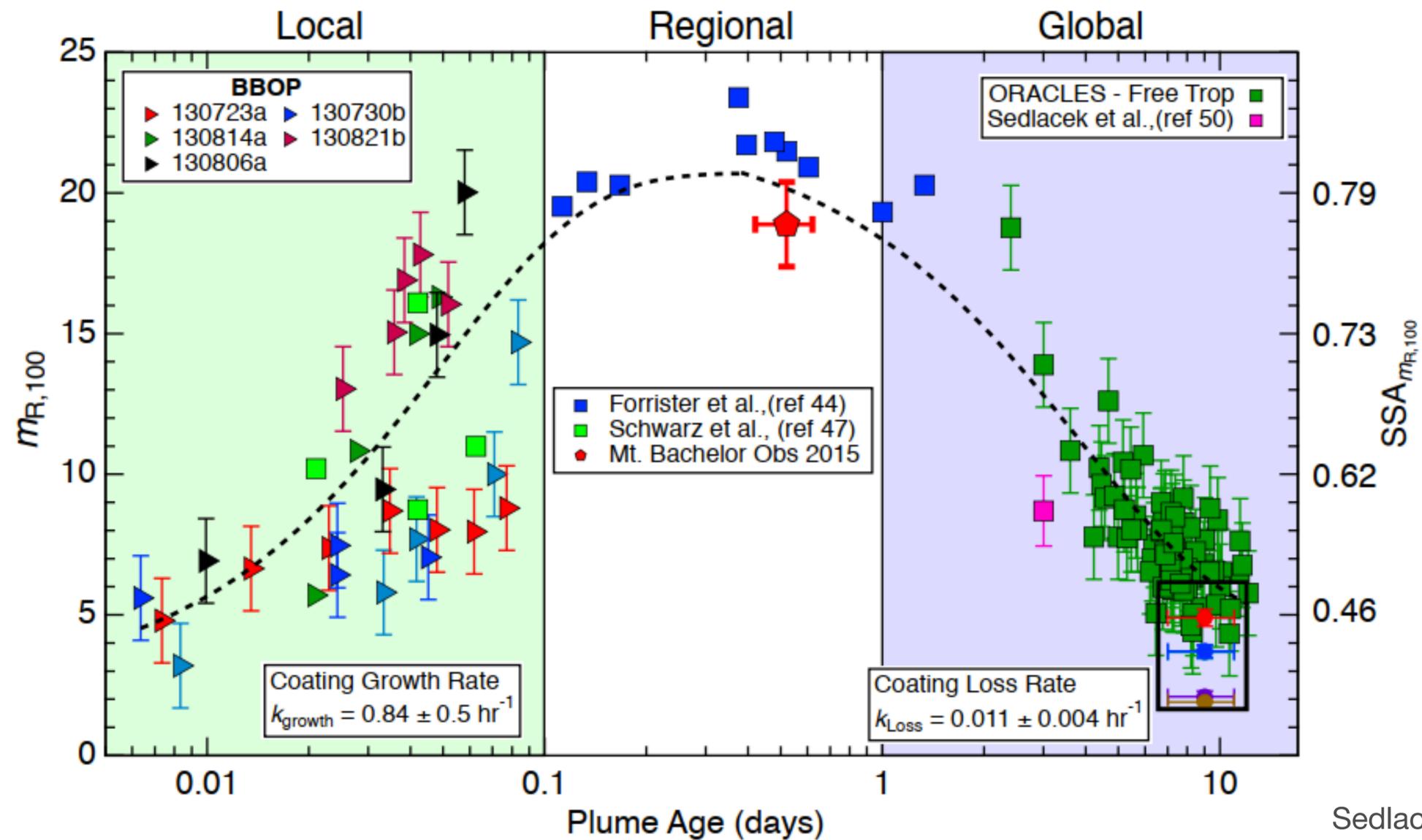
Background to Study

- The emissions are advected over the southeast Atlantic
- Different processes begin to change particulate properties.
- The **evolution** of these **properties** is not well-documented
- Single Scattering Albedo (SSA) contributes significantly to estimates of Direct Radiative Forcing (DRF)



Objective

To study the changes in BBA properties that can be detected by remote-sensed observations



Sedlacek III et al (submitted)

Methods - Dataset

Ground-based:

Aerosol Robotic Network (AERONET)

- spectral AOD, aerosol microphysics.

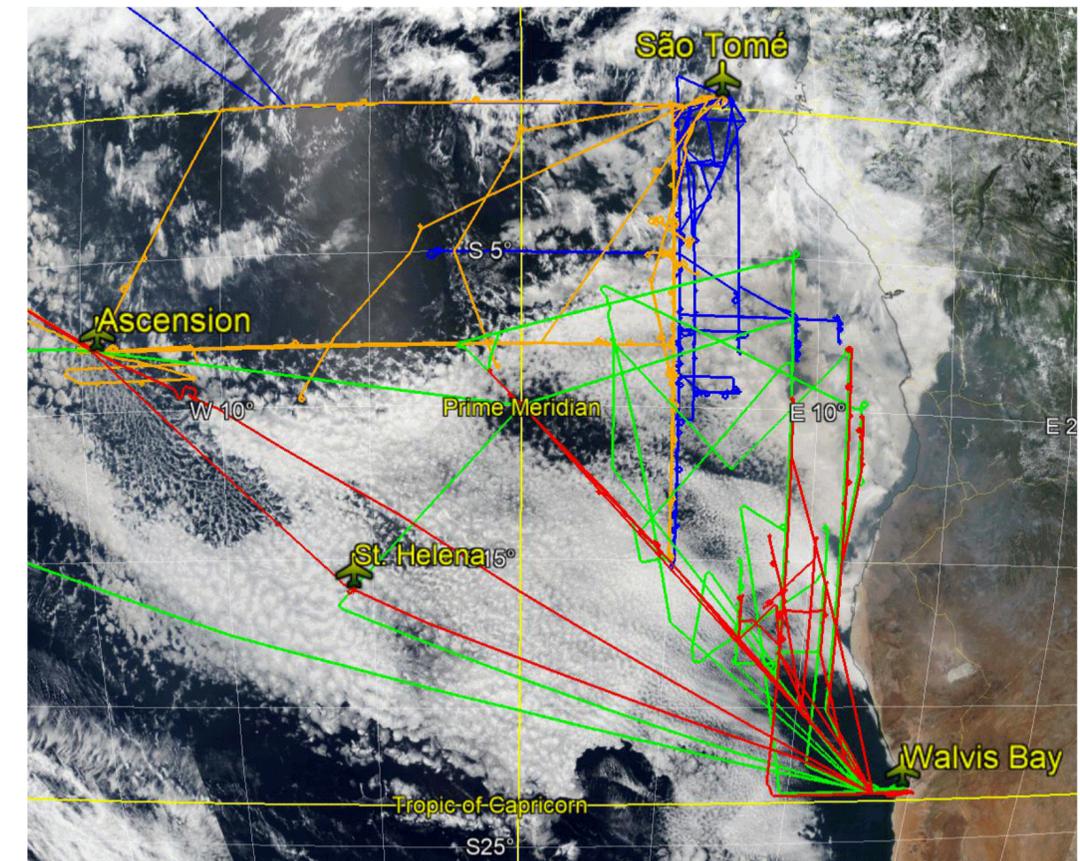
Stations: Mongu, Huambo, Namibe, Ascension

Airborne:

Spectrometer for Sun-Tracking Sky-Scanning Atmospheric Research (4STAR)

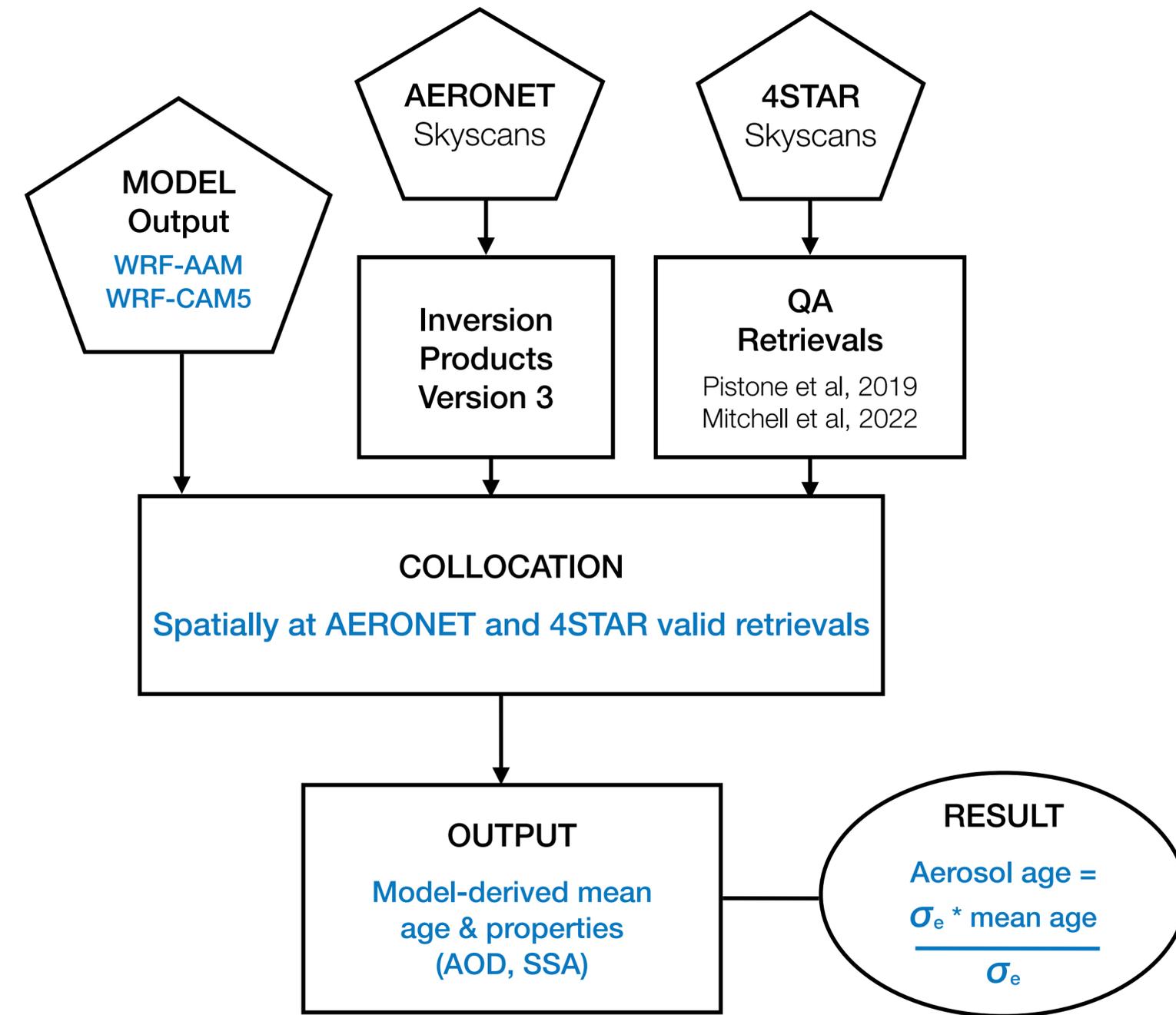
- hyper-spectral AOD, aerosol microphysics.

On P-3 in ORACLES 2016, 2017, 2018.



Methods - Workflow

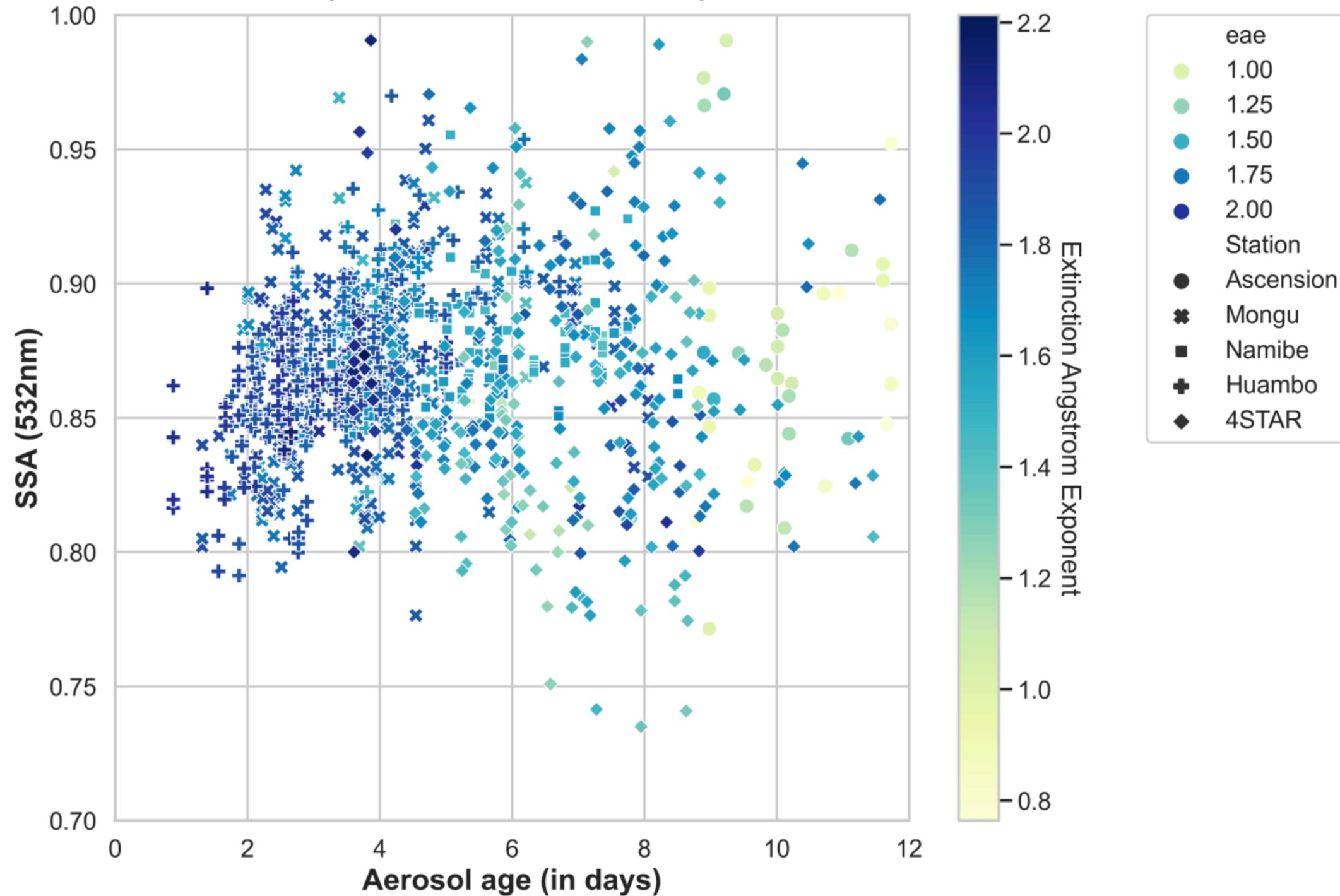
Model/ Parameter	WRF-AAM	WRF-CAM5
Meteorology	NCEP GFS	NCEP FNL
Emission	QFED2	QFED2
Spatial Resolution	12km	36km
Domain	41°S-14°N, 34°W-51°E	41°S-14°N, 34°W-51°E
	AERONET	4STAR
No of Observations	1600	300



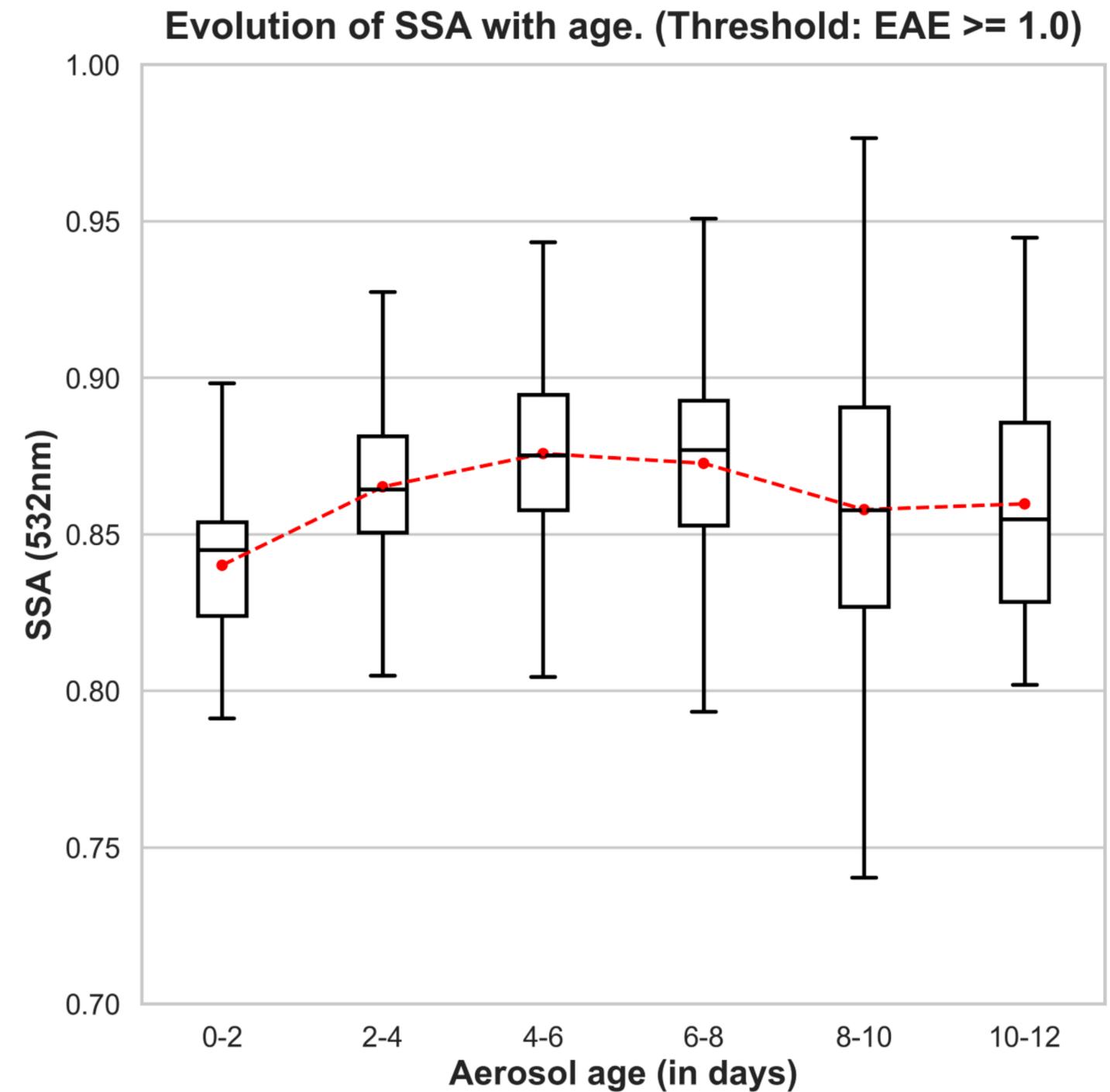
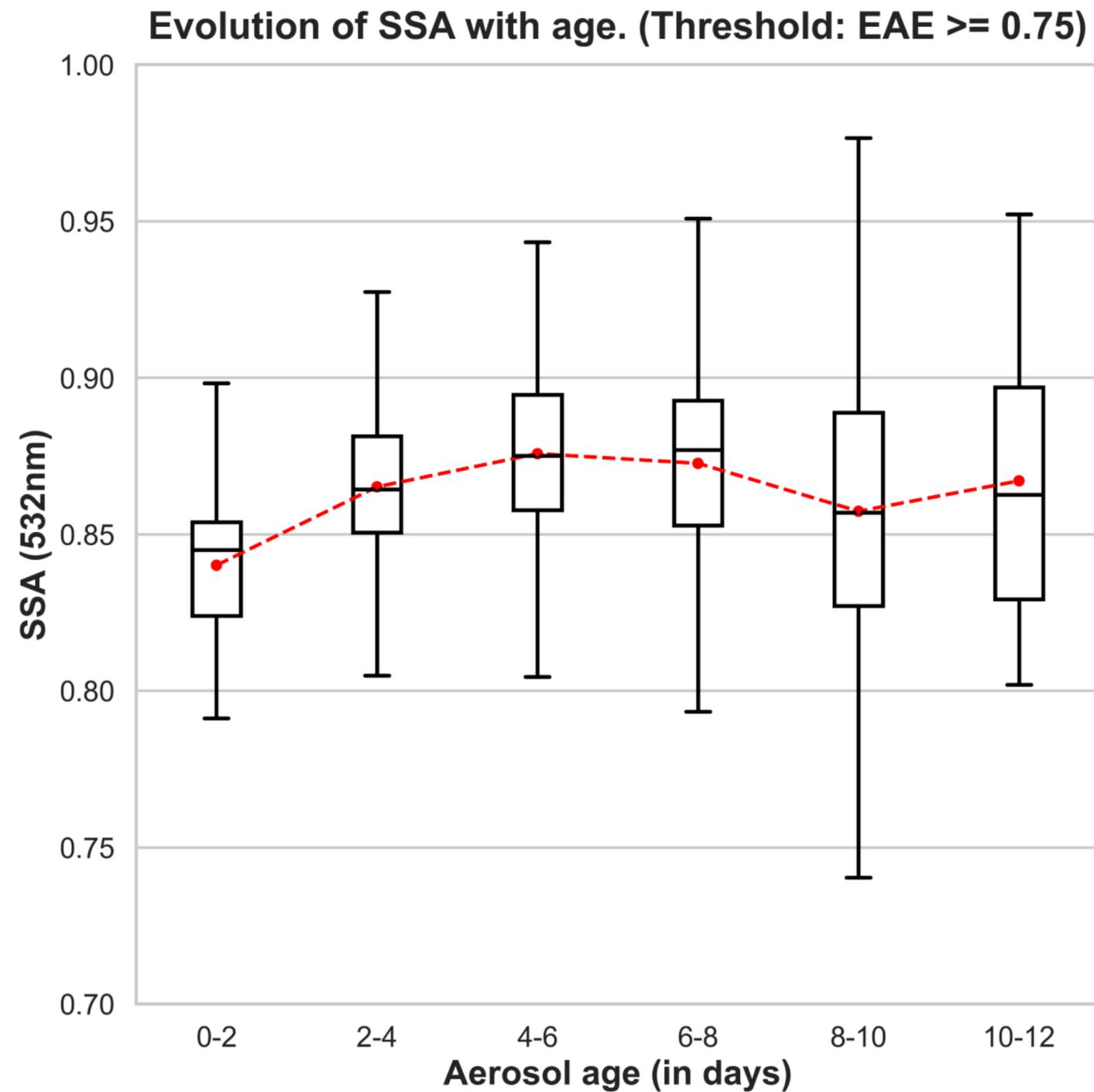
Workflow of the methodology

Results

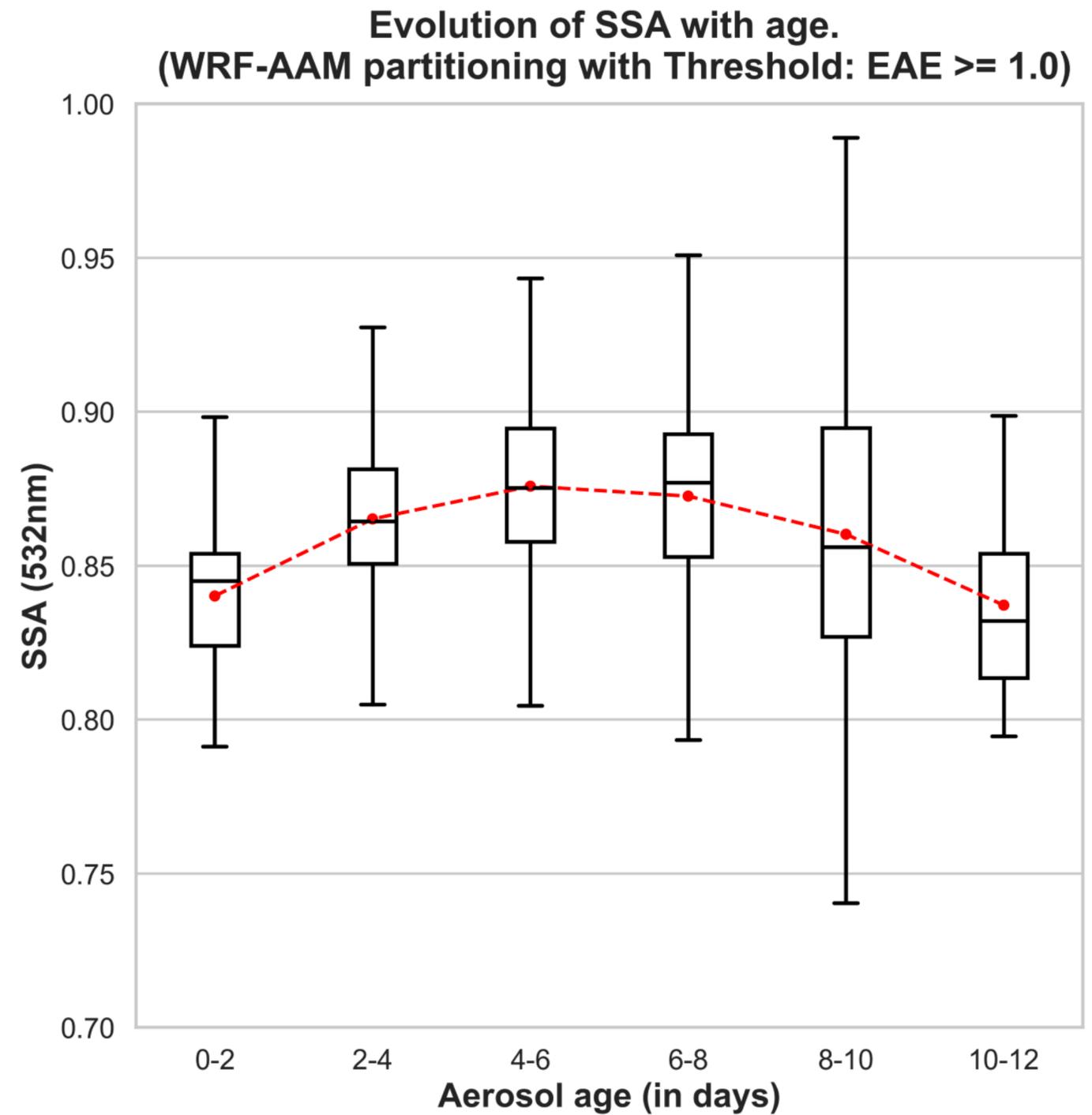
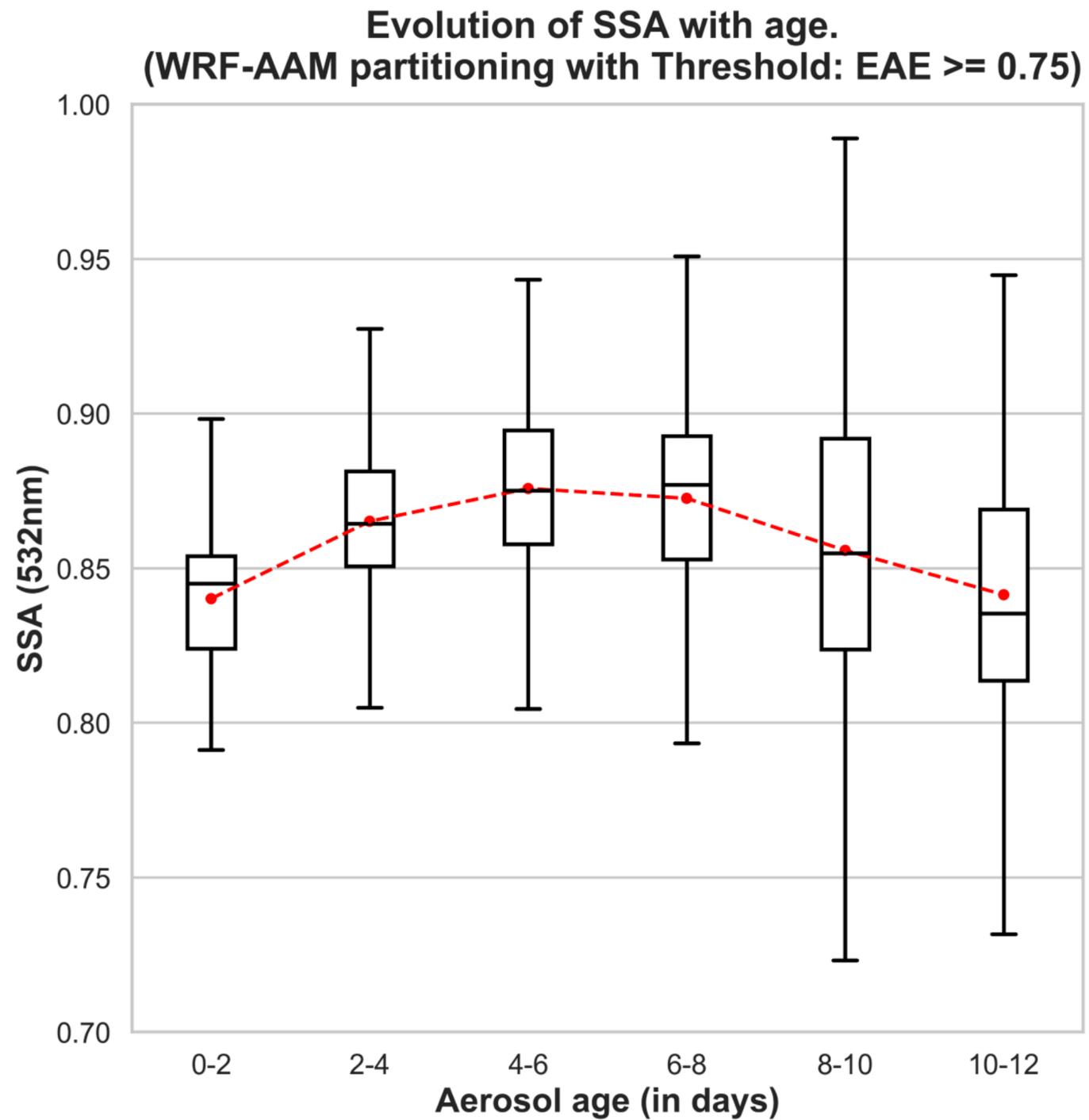
SSA from observation vs Model-derived aerosol age.
(Threshold: EAE ≥ 0.75)



Results - No Partition

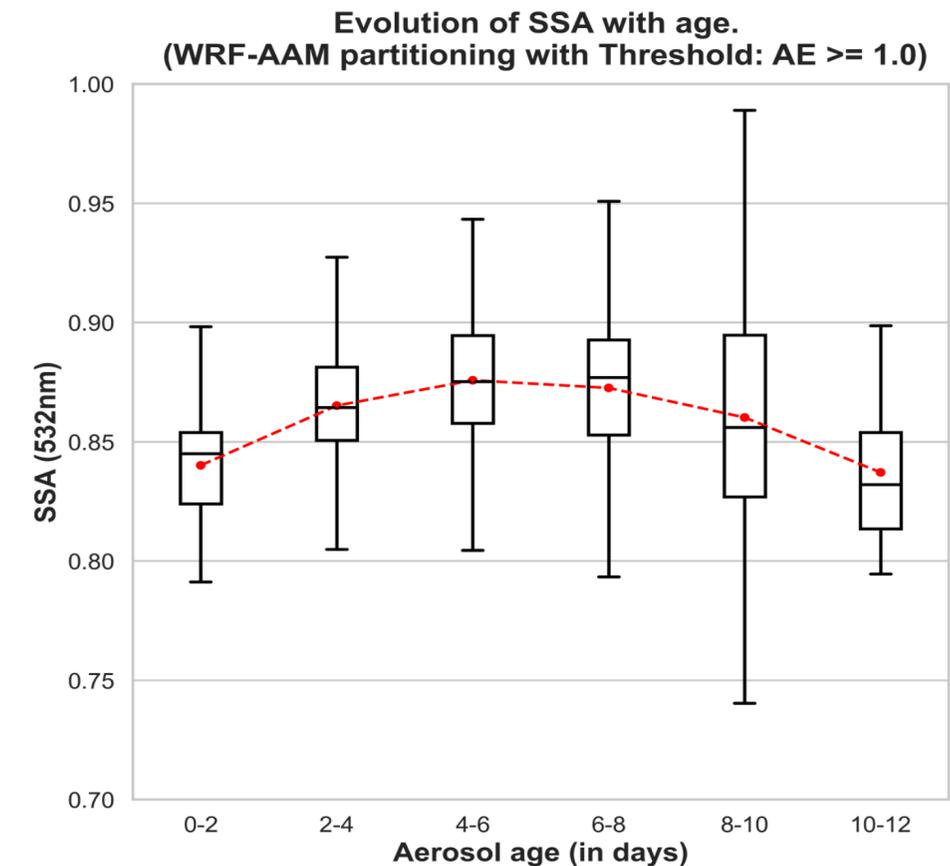
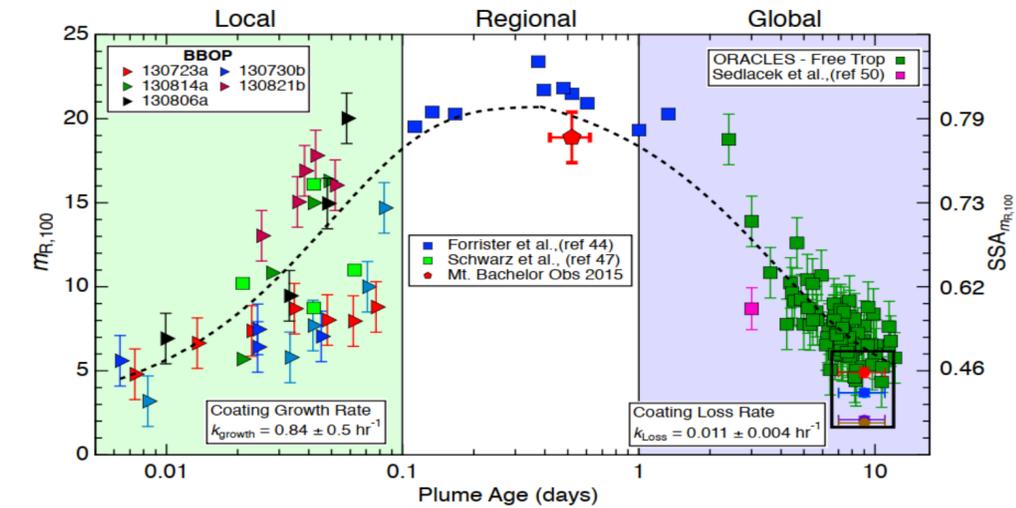


Results - Partition



Conclusion

- **Near-source** samples have lower SSA and higher EAE
- **Coastal aerosols** have lower EAE
- Ascension Island and 4STAR measurements are oldest (8 - 12 days)
- **SSA** tends to **peak** at age 4 - 6 days
- Sharp decline in **FT SSA** at Ascension Island after partitioning



Future Work

- Partition BL and FT aerosol using model boundary layer products
- Study evolution from model-derived aerosol properties
- Compliment analysis with *in situ* and **satellite** observations
- Extend analysis to other field campaigns in the SEA (**CLARIFY, LASIC**) and other regions of long-range biomass burning transport

<https://images.news18.com/ibnlive/uploads/2019/08/Amazon-Fire-satellite-image-released-by-NASA.jpg>



Amazon Wildfires, 2019

Key points

- **Near-source** samples have lower SSA and higher EAE
- **Coastal aerosols** have lower EAE
- Ascension Island and 4STAR measurements are oldest (8 - 12 days)
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- Sharp decline in **FT SSA** at Ascension Island after partitioning

Thank you

Contact:

Abdulamid Fakoya
abdulamid.fakoya@ou.edu